



BC Baseball Umpires Association

Air Quality Policy

(1.0) Introduction

The BCBUA believes in fostering a safe, welcoming, and inclusive environment for participants. When making decisions related to air quality, the health and safety of participants shall be of the utmost concern.

Air quality impacts individuals differently. This document will use the term 'at-risk individuals' to describe individuals most likely to experience health impacts related to poor air quality. An individual with a history of respiratory or cardiovascular conditions, young children, and the elderly may be considered at-risk. To determine if an individual is in the at-risk population, see Environment Canada's website at <https://www.canada.ca/en/environment-climate-change/services/air-quality-health-index/health-risks.html>.

It is strongly recommended that the parents/guardians of at-risk minor umpires make decisions related to their child's participation in BCBUA activities, based on their child's own personal health circumstances.

(2.0) Application

BCBUA members work in a variety of leagues and organizations who may or may not have an Air Quality Policy.

This policy shall apply as a minimum standard for BCBUA umpires during all events. If BCBUA members are working an event that has a more restrictive Air Quality Policy, the more restrictive policy shall apply.

Umpires have a shared role to ensure the health and safety of participants in baseball activities, and the primary role to ensure their own health and safety.



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(3.0) Measurement Tools

The BCBUA will use the Air Quality Index (AQI) and Air Quality Health Index (AQHI) as measurement tools of air quality. These measurements will help guide the appropriate response to poor air quality, as it impacts baseball activity.

(3.1) Air Quality Index (AQI)

The AQI measures five different air pollutants on a scale of 0 to 500. The most common and problematic pollutants for physical activity are ground level ozone and particulate matter. The following scale explains the level of risk with each reading:

0-50	Green	Good
51-100	Yellow	Moderate
101-150	Orange	Unhealthy for sensitive groups
151-200	Red	Unhealthy
201-300	Purple	Very Unhealthy
301 +	Maroon	Hazardous

The following link provides current and historical AQI readings at various locations in British Columbia.

<https://aqicn.org/map/britishcolumbia/>

(3.2) Air Quality Health Index (AQHI)

The AQHI measures the sum of the health risks associated with air pollution on a scale of 1 to 10.

The following scale explains the level of risk with each reading:

1-3	Low risk
4-6	Moderate risk
7-10	High risk
10+	Very high risk

The following link provides observed AQHI readings at various locations in British Columbia as well as forecasted readings for the next 24 hours.

https://weather.gc.ca/airquality/pages/provincial_summary/bc_e.html



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(4.0) Intensity of Physical Activity

The intensity of physical activity and related exertion levels are factors when determining what actions to take in response to poor air quality. Baseball is a generally considered a low intensity sport and may make different adaptations in times of poor air quality, when compared to higher intensity sports, such as soccer and lacrosse.

(5.0) Recommended Adaptations

(5.1) Moderate Risk

AQI reading of 51-150 or an AQHI reading of 4-6.

When there is a moderate air quality risk, the BCBUA recommends:

- at-risk umpires monitor for respiratory difficulties
- consider reducing the physical exertion levels at-risk umpires
- consider reducing the length of time at-risk umpires spend outside
- generally, no action is required for the general population

(5.2) High Risk

AQI reading of 151-200 or an AQHI reading of 7-10.

When there is a high air quality risk, the BCBUA recommends:

- significantly reducing outdoor activity for at-risk umpires
- reduce the physical exertion levels of all umpires
- reduce the length of time all umpires spend outside
- monitor all umpires for symptoms including coughing and throat irritation; reduce exertion levels or reschedule activities for those experiencing symptoms

(5.3) Very High Risk

AQI reading over 200 or an AQHI reading of 10+.

When there is a high air quality risk, the BCBUA recommends:

- cancelling or rescheduling outdoor activity
- significantly reducing physical exertion and length of time spent outdoors for all umpires
- closely monitoring all umpires for symptoms including coughing and throat irritation; strongly consider ending activities for those experiencing symptoms



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(6.0) Decision Making Process

Given that air quality can vary throughout the province, the responsibility for enacting the recommended adaptations described in section 4 of this document, is typically the responsibility of local sports organizations and individual teams.

At BCBUA camps and non-game related activities, the BCBUA appointed lead organizer will have primary responsibility for making decisions and recommendations related to air quality.

When air quality nears a very high risk, as described in section 5.3 of this document the BCBUA may consider suspending outdoor BCBUA activity for a specific region of the province.

In a game situation, umpires should use this policy and their own personal situation to determine whether the game should proceed and whether they are personally able to participate. No BCBUA member should ever umpire a game when they feel the Air Quality is unsafe for themselves or others.

(6.0) References

1) Information related to the Air Quality Health Index (AQHI) is that of Environment Canada and was retrieved on January 24, 2021 from:

https://weather.gc.ca/airquality/healthmessage_e.html

2) Information related to the Air Quality Index (AQI) is that of Air Now and was retrieved on January 24, 2021 from:

<https://www.airnow.gov/aqi/aqi-basics/#:~:text=Think%20of%20the%20AQI%20as,300%20represents%20hazardous%20air%20quality.>